## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

## Claims 1-12 (canceled)

Claim 13 (currently amended): An N-substituted pyrazolylcarboxanilide of formula (I)

in which

R<sup>4</sup>

R<sup>1</sup> represents methyl, trifluoromethyl, or difluoromethyl,

R<sup>2</sup> represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, methyl or trifluoromethyl, either

(a) R3 represents hydrogen, and

represents  $C_1 \cdot C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_4 \cdot C_6$ -alkylsulphinyl,  $C_4 \cdot C_6$ -alkylsulphonyl,  $C_1 \cdot C_4$ -alkoxy- $C_1 \cdot C_4$ -alkyl, or  $C_3 \cdot C_8$ -oyeloalkyl; represents  $C_1 \cdot C_6$ -haloalkyl-sulphonyl,  $C_4 \cdot C_4$ -haloalkyl-sulphonyl, halo- $C_4 \cdot C_4$ -alkoxy- $C_4 \cdot C_4$ -alkyl, or  $C_3 \cdot C_6$ -halooyeloalkyl-having in-each ease 1-to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or-bromine atoms; represents formyl-formyl- $C_4 \cdot C_3$ -alkyl,  $(C_1 \cdot C_3$ -alkyl)earbonyl- $C_4 \cdot C_3$ -alkyl-or  $(C_1 \cdot C_3$ -alkyl)earbonyl- $C_4 \cdot C_3$ -alkyl-perpesents halo- $(C_4 \cdot C_3$ -alkyl-having in-each ease 1-to 13 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; represents  $(C_3 \cdot C_3$ -cycloalkyl)carbonyl- $(C_4 \cdot C_3 \cdot C_3$ 

or

(b) R<sup>3</sup> represents halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl, and
R<sup>4</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, G<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulphinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulphinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl

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- alkyl,  $G_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkylthio,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkyl-bulphinyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkyl-bulphonyl, halo- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, or  $C_3$ - $C_6$ -haloeycloalkyl having in each ease 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; represents formyl, formyl- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl,  $(C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl)carbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl, represents halo- $(C_4$ - $C_3$ -alkyl) earbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl or halo- $(C_4$ - $C_3$ -alkoxy)carbonyl- $C_4$ - $C_3$ -alkyl having in each ease 1 to 13 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; represents  $(C_4$ - $C_8$ -alkyl)carbonyl,  $(C_4$ - $C_8$ -alkoxy)carbonyl,  $(C_4$ - $C_4$ -alkyl)carbonyl, or  $(C_3$ - $C_8$ -cycloalkyl)carbonyl,  $(C_4$ - $C_4$ -alkyl)carbonyl, or  $(C_3$ - $C_8$ -cycloalkyl)carbonyl, represents  $(C_4$ - $C_4$ -alkyl)carbonyl, or  $(C_3$ - $C_8$ -haloalkoxy)carbonyl, (halo- $C_4$ - $C_4$ -alkyl)carbonyl, or  $(C_3$ - $C_8$ -haloalkoxy)carbonyl, having in each ease 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or represents  $(C_4$ - $(C_6)$ - $(C_6)$ - $(C_8)$ -
- R<sup>5</sup> represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl; or represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkoxy, halo-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-halocycloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms [f,1].
- R<sup>e</sup>-and R<sup>2</sup>, independently of one another, each represent hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-eycloalkyl; represent C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-haloalkyl, halo-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-haloeycloalkyl; represent C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-haloalkyl, halo-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-haloeycloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or R<sup>6</sup>-and R<sup>2</sup> together with the nitrogen-atom to which they are attached form a saturated heteroeycle having 5 to 8 ring atoms that is optionally mone—or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, where the heterocycle optionally contains 1 or 2 further non-adjacent heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulphur, and NR<sup>10</sup>;
- R<sup>8</sup>-and R<sup>9</sup>, independently of one another, represent hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>eyeloalkyl; or represent C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-haloalkyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-halocycloalkyl having in each
  ease 1-to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup>-together
  with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated heteroeyele having 5-to 8-ring atoms that is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by
  identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of

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halogen and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, where the heterocycle optionally contains 1 or 2 further non-adjacent heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of exygen, sulphur, and NR $^{10}$ , and

R<sup>10</sup> represents hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl.

Claim 14 (currently amended): An N-substituted pyrazolylcarboxanilide of formula (I) according to Claim 13 in which

- R<sup>1</sup> represents methyl, trifluoromethyl, or difluoromethyl,
- R<sup>2</sup> represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, methyl, or trifluoromethyl, either
- (a) R3 represents hydrogen, and
  - R<sup>4</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulphinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulphenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-oyeloalkyl; represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulphinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulphinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulphinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulphinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulphinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulphinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulphinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulphinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloaylsylsulphinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, having in each ease 1 to 9 fluorine, oblorine, and/or bromine atoms; represents formyl, formyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl)arbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, or halo-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl)serbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, arbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, or halo-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkoxy)sarbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl having in each ease 1 to 13 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; represents (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyl)sarbonyl; represents (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-halocycloalkyl)sarbonyl having 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or represents ·C(-C)C(-C)R<sup>5</sup>, -CONR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup>, -C-CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>8</sup>P<sup>9</sup>,

or

(b) R³ represents fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl having 1 to 13 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms, and represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulphinyl, G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulphonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, or G<sub>3</sub>-G<sub>6</sub>-eyeloalkyl; represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylthio, G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulphinyl, G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulphonyl, halo-G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>3</sub>-alkoxy-G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, or G<sub>3</sub>-G<sub>6</sub>-haloeyeloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; represents formyl, formyl-G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, (G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>3</sub>-alkyl)carbonyl-G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>3</sub>-alkyl;

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or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkoxy)carbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkyl; or represents halo-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkyl)-

earbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl, halo- $(C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkoy)earbonyl- $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl having in each case 1 to 13 fluorine, chlorine and/or bromine atoms; represents  $(C_4$ - $C_6$ -alkyl)earbonyl,  $(C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy)earbonyl,  $(C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkoxy- $C_4$ - $C_3$ -alkoxy- $C_4$ - $C_3$ -alkyl)earbonyl, or  $(C_3$ - $C_6$ -cycloalkyl)earbonyl; represents  $(C_4$ - $C_4$ -halo-alkyl)earbonyl,  $(C_4$ - $C_4$ -halo-alkoxy)earbonyl,  $(A_4$ - $C_4$ - $C_3$ -alkoxy- $C_4$ - $C_3$ -alkoxy- $C_4$ - $C_3$ -alkoxy- $C_4$ - $C_3$ -alkoxy- $C_4$ - $C_4$ -halo-each ease 1 to 9-fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or represents  $-(C_4)$ - $(C_4)$ - $(C_4$ 

- R<sup>5</sup> represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyl; represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy, halo-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-halocycloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms [f.1].
- R<sup>6</sup>-and R<sup>2</sup>, independently of one another, each represent hydrogen, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-G<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyl; represent C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, halo-C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-G<sub>6</sub>-halocycloalkyl having in each ease 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or R<sup>6</sup>-and R<sup>2</sup>-tegether with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated heterocycle having 5 to 8 ring atoms that is optionally mone- to tetrasubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen and C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, where the heterocycle optionally contain 1 or 2 further non-adjacent heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of exygen, sulphur and NR<sup>10</sup>;
- R<sup>8</sup>-and R<sup>9</sup>, independently of one another, represent hydrogen, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>eycloalkyl; represent C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-halocycloalkyl having in each
  case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or R<sup>8</sup>-and R<sup>9</sup> together
  with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated heteroeycle having 5 to 8 ring atoms that is optionally mono- to tetrasubstituted by
  identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of
  halogen and C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, where the heterocycle optionally contains 1 or 2
  further non-adjacent heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of
  exygen, sulphur, and NR<sup>10</sup>, and

R<sup>10</sup> represents hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl.

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Claim 15 (currently amended): An N-substituted pyrazolylcarboxanilide of formula (lb)

in which

R<sup>4A</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulphinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulphenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or-C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl; represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl, G<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-halocycloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or-bromine atoms; represents formyl, formyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkyl)earbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alky)earbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl)earbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl or halo-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl)earbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl or halo-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl)earbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl having in each case 1 to 13 fluorine, chlorine, and/or-bromine atoms; represents (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-balocycloalkyl)earbonyl; represents (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-halocycloalkyl)earbonyl having 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or-bromine atoms; or represents -C(=O)C(=O)R<sup>5</sup>, -CONR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup>, or -CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>;

R<sup>1</sup> represents methyl, trifluoromethyl, or difluoromethyl,

R<sup>2</sup> represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, methyl or trifluoromethyl, and

R<sup>5</sup> represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl; or represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkoxy, halo-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-halocycloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms [[,]] .

R<sup>6</sup>-and R<sup>2</sup>, independently of one another, each represent hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-G<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl; represent C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-haloalkyl, halo-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-haloeycloalkyl having in each case 1-to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or R<sup>6</sup>-and R<sup>2</sup>-together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated heterocycle having 5-to 8-ring atoms that is optionally mono-or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkyl, where the heterocycle optionally contains 1-or 2 further non-

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adjacent heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulphur, and NR 10-and

 $\mathsf{R}^8$ -and  $\mathsf{R}^9$ , independently of one another, represent hydrogen,  $\mathsf{C}_4\text{-}\mathsf{G}_8$ -alkyl, or  $\mathsf{C}_3\text{-}\mathsf{C}_8$ -alcoalkyl-or  $\mathsf{C}_3\text{-}\mathsf{C}_8$ -haloalkyl-or  $\mathsf{C}_3\text{-}\mathsf{C}_8$ -haloeveloalkyl-having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or  $\mathsf{R}^8$  and  $\mathsf{R}^9$ -together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated heterocycle having 5 to 8 ring atoms that is optionally mono-or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen and  $\mathsf{C}_4\text{-}\mathsf{C}_4\text{-}$ alkyl, where the heterocycle optionally contains 1 or 2 further non-adjacent heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of oxygen, sulphur, and NR  $^{10}$ .

Claim 16 (currently amended): An N-substituted pyrazolylcarboxanilide of formula (Ic)

$$H_3C$$
 $F$ 
 $H_4C$ 
 $H_4$ 

in which

R<sup>3B</sup> represents halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-haloalkyl,

R<sup>4B</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>8</sub>-alkylsulphinyl, G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulphonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or-G<sub>2</sub>-G<sub>8</sub>-eycloalkyl; represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl, G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylthio<sub>7</sub>-G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulphonyl, halo-G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or-G<sub>2</sub>-G<sub>8</sub>-haloeycloalkyl having in each-case 1-to 9 fluorine, ehlorine, and/or-bromine atoms; represents formyl, formyl-G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, (G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>3</sub>-alkyl)carbonyl-G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, or-(G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>3</sub>-alkoxy)carbonyl-G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>3</sub>-alkyl; represents halo-(G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>3</sub>-alkyl)carbonyl-G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>3</sub>-alkyl or halo-(G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>3</sub>-alkoxy)carbonyl-G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>3</sub>-alkyl-having in each case 1-to 13 fluorine, chlorine, and/or-bromine atoms; represents (G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>8</sub>-alkyl)carbonyl, (G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>8</sub>-alkoxy)carbonyl, represents (G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)carbonyl, or-(G<sub>3</sub>-G<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl)carbonyl, represents (G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)carbonyl, (G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>2</sub>-baloalkoxy)carbonyl, (halo-G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)carbonyl, (G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>2</sub>-G<sub>8</sub>-baloakyl)carbonyl, (halo-G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)carbonyl, (G<sub>1</sub>-G<sub>2</sub>-G<sub>8</sub>-baloaycloalkyl)carbonyl, fine case 1-to 9

- fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or represents -C(=O)C(=O)R<sup>5</sup>, -CONR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup>-or -CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>-
- R<sup>1</sup> represents methyl, trifluoromethyl, or difluoromethyl,
- R<sup>2</sup> represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, methyl or trifluoromethyl, and
- R<sup>5</sup> represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyl; or represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkoxy, halo-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-halocycloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms [I.1] .
- $\mathsf{R}^6$ -and  $\mathsf{R}^7$ -independently of one another, each represent hydrogen,  $\mathsf{C}_1$ - $\mathsf{C}_8$ -alkyl,  $\mathsf{C}_4$ - $\mathsf{C}_4$ -alkoxy- $\mathsf{C}_4$ - $\mathsf{C}_4$ -alkyl, or  $\mathsf{C}_3$ - $\mathsf{C}_8$ -balooyeloalkyl; represent  $\mathsf{C}_4$ - $\mathsf{C}_8$ -baloalkyl, halo- $\mathsf{C}_4$ - $\mathsf{C}_4$ -alkoxy- $\mathsf{C}_4$ - $\mathsf{C}_4$ -alkyl, or  $\mathsf{C}_3$ - $\mathsf{C}_8$ -balooyeloalkyl; represent  $\mathsf{C}_4$ -baloakyl-having in each case 1-to-9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or  $\mathsf{R}^6$  and  $\mathsf{R}^7$ -together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated heterocycle having 5-to-8 ring atoms that is optionally mone-or-polysubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group-consisting of halogen and  $\mathsf{C}_4$ - $\mathsf{C}_4$ -alkyl, where the heterocycle optionally contains 1-or 2 further non-adjacent heteroatoms selected from the group-consisting of oxygen, sulphur, and  $\mathsf{NR}^{10}$ -and
- R<sup>8</sup>-and R<sup>9</sup>, independently of one another, represent hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-beloalkyl; or represent C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-haloalkyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-haloeyeloalkyl having in each case 1 to 9 fluorine, chlorine, and/or bromine atoms; or R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup>-together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a saturated heterocycle having 5 to 8 ring atoms that is optionally mono- or polysubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, where the heterocycle optionally contains 1 or 2 further non-adjacent heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of exverse, sulphur, and NR<sup>10</sup>.

## Claim 17 (canceled)

Claim 18 (previously presented): An N-substituted pyrazolylcarboxanilide of formula (I) according to Claim 13 in which R<sup>4</sup> represents -C(=O)C(=O)R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> is as defined in Claim 13.

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Claim 19 (canceled)

Claim 20 (previously presented): A composition for controlling unwanted microorganisms comprising one or more N-substituted pyrazolylcarboxaniildes of formula (I) according to Claim 13 and one or more extenders and/or surfactants.

Claim 21 (withdrawn): A method of controlling unwanted microorganisms comprising applying an effective amount of an N-substituted pyrazolylcarboxanilide of formula (I) according to Claim 13 to the microorganisms and/or their habitat.

Claims 22-24 (canceled)

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